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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The machinists' strike in Cincinnati has been declared off; it involved five to seven thousand men. —— An assessment of 100 per cent. on the stock of the Seventh National Bank of New York has been ordered by Comptroller Dawes. —— Morgan Line steamer El Rio rescued the captain and seven men from the wrecked brig L. F. Munson, from Mobile. —— United States support the Japanese application for an enlargement of their indemnity to be paid by China. —— Yesterday was the warmest day of the year in the central Southern States; temperature at Selma, Ala., was 112 degrees. —— Louisiana is in the throes of the hot wave and in Mississippi heat was intense. —— Heavy rain fall in western Colorado and parts of Texas. —— Prices for corn are so high in the Southwest that farmers there are feeding stock with wheat. —— The President of Chili, after a long illness, passed away. —— N. Y. markets—Money on call steady at 2@3 per cent.; last loan at 2 per cent., ruling rate 4½ per cent; cotton quiet, middling uplands 8 9 16c; flour was quiet but strongly held; wheat—spot firm; No. 2 red 76½c; corn—spot strong, No. 2, 56½c at elevator; oats—spot firmer, No. 2 37c; rosin firm; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., July 12.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 74 degrees; 8 P. M., 71 degrees; maximum, 80 degrees; minimum, 71 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .24; rainfall since first of month to date, 3.24 inches

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

High temperatures are reported from all districts. Rains have fallen in eastern North Carolina, and showers in the Augusta and Galveston districts. Average maximum temperatures for the Little Rock and Memphis districts, 102; Mobile, Montgomery, New Orleans and Vicksburg, 100.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—For North Carolina: Showers Saturday. Sunday probably fair with warmer, except in extreme eastern portion; fresh easterly winds.

Port Almanac July 13.

Sun Rises	4.53 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.17 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 24 M.
High Water at Southport	5.24 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	7 54 P. M.

In 1876 there were in this country 76,000 miles of railway; in 1900, 195,000. That shows how we spin along.

Andrew Carnegie says he still has $280,000,000 to give away. He is finding trouble to get some communities to take what he offers.

The progress of electricity has created an extraordinary demand for copper. The electrical industry in Germany alone requires 40,000 tons.

That was a decidedly cool proceeding on the part of that Canadian butcher who deliberately locked himself in his refrigerater and froze to death.

Some of the New York reformers want Andrew Carnegie to run for Mayor. But Andrew says he is too busy resting and giving away his money to fool with a job like that.

Nebraska has bull fights now. In the last fight, a few days ago, the bull got the innings, lifted the Mexican toreador and threw him forty feet in the air, waited till he came down and then pawed and gored him till they crowded the bull too hard.

Some men have luck crowded upon them. A prisoner in the Nebraska penitentiary got a pardon the other day and got married to a $40,000 widow before the gate was opened. The widow got the pardon for him, and the Governor witnessed the marriage.

If Monsieur Labedesque, who fought a duel with Monsieur Regis, in Paris, a few days ago, lives long and doesn't lose his fondness for such amusement, he will achieve a record as a duellist. He is only 27 years old and has figured as a principal in forty-three duels.

When Mr. Lucas struck oil in Beaumont, Texas, he struck it fat. He had been pursuing his oil hunt for some time with no success, and had became discouraged and would have given it up, but for his wife who urged him to continue. He was a poor man then, but is now rated at about $40,000,000.

A sharp London publisher has hit on a cute scheme to make money. He has worked up an ancestral tree made to fit by throwing in a name here and there. American snobs, ambitions for a noble pedigree, can be supplied while they wait. He furnishes the pedigree, they furnish the cash.

THE SUPERIOR COURT

Yesterday's Session Practically Concluded the Business of the July Term.

JIM HAWKINS SENTENCED.

He is Given Twenty-one Years for Murder of Another Colored Man—Several Sentences to the County Roads for Gambling--Other Cases.

The July term of the New Hanover Superior Court for the trial of criminal cases only was practically concluded yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, though Judge Allen stated that he would convene the court again this morning and continue its session until about 1 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of hearing any motions that may be desired in civil proceedings.

The most noteworthy feature of yesterday's session was the passing of sentence by Judge Allen upon the negro, Jim Hawkins, who murdered another negro in "Brooklyn" some time ago and who was found guilty at the last term of court and upon whom sentence was reserved by Judge Bryan, who desired that he be kept here in the two weeks' to testify against the negro, Wm. Bennett, whom it was thought at first was an accessory to Hawkins, but against whom the grand jury at this term failed to find a true bill.

Judge Allen gave him 21 years in the State penitentiary, which is the heaviest penalty imposed in this county in many years. The minimum that could have been given is two years and the maximum thirty years. Judge Allen emphasized the fact that murder in any form or degree should meet with speedy and adequate justice but that when committed over a gambling table, this principle should be strictly adhered to and had not the least shade of doubt crept into the case, he would have been disposed to give the prisoner the full limit of the law. Wm. Bennett and Robert Smith, the negroes associated with Hawkins and his victim in the card game, each submitted to the charge of gambling and were sentenced to twelve months each on the county roads.

Another of the cases against C. E. Collins for retailing malt liquors without license at Hilton Park, was taken up and the defendant acquitted. The Solicitor then allowed a nol pross. with leave in the two remaining cases and the defendant was refunded his cash bond and discharged.

Wm. Watkins, a young white man charged with brutally beating a white woman, was given six months in jail with privilege to the County Commissioners to hire him out at the expiration of 40 days to pay costs and jail fees.

Judgment was suspended in an appealed case of Annie Wilson for disorderly conduct and a number of trifling cases on the docket were continued.

In a civil case entitled Jno. W. Atkinson vs. Wm. Sheehan, motion of Herbert McClammy, Esq., to make S. J. Davis party defendant was lodged and the motion continued until August term.

Judge Allen by his fair, impartial and able rulings on the bench at this week's term has added to his reputation as a distinguished jurist, and Solicitor Duffy has won fresh laurels in his vigorous prosecution of cases and rapid disposition of matters on the docket.

During the term there have been fifteen commitments to the county roads and to the jail with privilege to hire out and the aggregate of sentences is a little more than fifteen years. The one commitment to the State penitentiary was twenty one years. The prisoners for the county roads and jail and sentences of each are as follows:

Wm. Bennett, 12 months; James Edwards, 4 years; Early Scott, 3 years; James Howe, 30 days; James Howe, Jr., 18 months; Lizzie Jackson, 60 days; Sis Lucas, 8 months; Bessie McFadyen, 10 months; Robert Smith, 12 months; Harry Thomas, 12 months; Wylie Taylor, 12 months; John Mitchell, 60 days; Clarence Cromartie, 4 months; Wm. Watkins, 6 months; Perry Alderman, 60 days.

Transfer of Valuable Realty.

Duncan M. Williams and wife by deed filed for record at the Court House yesterday transferred to the Coal, Cement and Supply Company, of this city, for $4,000, the lot or parcel of land beginning in the western line of Front street, 132 feet northwardly from its intersection with the northern line of Ann street and running parallel with Front street 66 feet, thence westwardly through the block to the river channel and thence northwardly 66 feet, and to the beginning.

On The Compton Sunday.

Capt. W. A. Saunders, the clever and polite master of the steamer *Compton*, has an enjoyable trip in store for all those who will come and go with him to Southport and to sea on Sunday. Fare for round trip is only 25 cents and the steamer leaves her wharf between Market and Dock at 10 A. M., returning about 6:30.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. W Sanders—New goods.
D. L. Gore Co.—Field peas.
Solomon's Shoe Store—200 pairs.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted a reliable man.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The local cotton market advanced yesterday to 8 cents for middling. The receipts were 56 bales.

— The LaGrange base ball team played Mt. Olive at Mt. Olive Thursday and defeated the "Olivets" in a score of 7 to 6.

— Sandy McKinnon, the kantaloupe king of Maxton, began shipping melons to the northern markets July 8th. A fortune to you, old sport.

—Crockett made his first appearance with Detroit, at Cleveland, Thursday; but he took no part in the game except to go to the bat for Cronin the pitcher, in the ninth inning. He made no hit.

— Capt. Moore, of the schooner *Robert A. Snyder*, which got in nigh before last at Southport from New York, reports a very rough passage down with very stormy weather at sea.

— It is learned that a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen will be held Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock for the purpose of considering again matters pertaining to the sewerage question.

— The Bank of Maxton, which began business last September, has declared a dividend of four per cent. for the six months ending June 30th, besides placing a handsome amount to the credit of its surplus fund.

— Mr. P. O'Donnell, of Baltimore, arrived yesterday morning to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, the late lamented P. Donlan, which will be conducted this morning at 10 o'clock from St. Thomas' Procathedral.

— "Cripple Dick's" Band of this city has been engaged to furnish music for the annual picnic at Six Forks, Pender county. A pavilion is being erected on the grounds and dancing will be in progress during the entire day.

— It's a rainy dull day you can't see something of interest on the steamer *Wilmington*. Day before yesterday on the Brunswick side of the river a huge black bear came to the shore and paraded himself along the river for the benefit of Capt. Harper's passengers.

— The rough, disagreeable weather in the city yesterday naturally suggested the inquiry as to the weather at sea. Investigation in shipping circles, however, disclosed the fact that it was very "muddy" on the outside but not necessarily dangerous to vessels along this coast.

YOUNG MAN ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Reported That Henry Kermon Shot Himself in a Rage at Phœnix.

News has reached the city of an extraordinary attempt at suicide day before yesterday by Henry Kermon, of Phœnix, Brunswick county, a young man about 21 years of age who formerly resided in Wilmington.

Kermon has been residing with his father for the past two or three months on a farm near Phœnix Thursday morning he had a fight with one of his brothers, so the story goes, and he received the worst of it. As soon as it was over, he went to the house of a neighbor about half a mile distant, and borrowed a cartridge for an empty pistol which he carried As he was a short distance from his home, returning, members of the family heard a pistol shot and a cry of "murder" from the young man, They went to him and found that, ostensibly in his rage, he had shot himself in the breast, the ball passing just above his heart and wounding him perhaps fatally. Dr. Moore, of Phœnix, was summoned and he pronounced his recovery extremely doubtful.

Another story of the shooting is that young Kermon some time ago deserted from the Revenue Cutter *Algonquin* upon which he had enlisted as a seaman and hearing of the arrest of a fellow deserter in Wilmington, he hit upon the plan of killing himself rather than returning aboard the vessel. Both stories, however, lacke confirmation, though it is known that he made an attempt at self destruction.

BOYS' BRIGADE OF AMERICA.

Will Break Camp at Southport To-day After Ten Days' Pleasant Outing.

The First Battalion Boys Brigade of America, Col. Walker Taylor commanding, will break camp at Southport to-day and will come up to the city on the afternoon boat. The boys have been in encampment ten days and have made it one of the most successful in the history of the Brigade. The boys have observed strict discipline and have contributed much to the social life of Southport during their stay there.

They are very grateful to the people of "our sister city" for the many courtesies shown them and will always cherish pleasant memories of this year's outing.

Seaside Frolic Abandoned.

Owing to the very inclement weather yesterday and last night, the club frolic announced by the House Committee of Hanover Seaside Club has been postponed until next week. The postponed date, schedule on the steamer, etc., will be published later.

— Mr. Wm. MacLean, of the contracting firm recently moved here from Philadelphia, arrived yesterday and will be in charge of the Wilmington office. Mr. Kitson will return to the Philadelphia office.

NOW IN FIRST PLACE.

Jupiter Pluvius Sent a Shower Yesterday That Sent Us Up to the Top.

DOUBLE-HEADER AT RALEIGH.

Turtles Won First Game and Tartars Took Second—Both in Score of Six to Four—Saturday Bargain Matinee Here To-day.

Charlotte at Wilmington, (2 games.) Tarboro at Raleigh.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Wilmington,—Charlotte, (rain.)
Raleigh, 6; Tarboro, 4, (1st game.)
Raleigh, 4; Tarboro, 6, (2nd game.)

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent
Wilmington	2	1	.666
Raleigh	3	2	.600
Tarboro	2	3	.400
Charlotte	1	2	.333

Rain! Rain!! Rain!!!

It was not a "beautiful rain," a "copious shower," a "refreshing sprinkle" or any of those "hifalutin'" names that the picturesque reporter is wont to indulge his fancy about during the Spring and Summer time when all is "bathed in smiles," but it was one of the coldest, most disagreeble "northeasters" that has struck this clime in many a moon and, of course, there was no base ball, but several of the confirmed cranks, so Madame Rumor has it, boarded the cars and went out to the park by force of habit.

But, however disagreeable the rain, however much disappointed were the cranks who wanted to see a game, the rain, with the two games in Raleigh, perched Wilmington at the top of the percentage column and with even a split-even on a double-header to-day, Wilmington will remain in her accustomed position.

The Giants Again At Head of Column.

— The religious editor is a D. D., of course—a Diamond Duster.

— There are now two extra games to be played by the Hornets and the Giants.

— Yesterday would have been a great day for yelling "Soak him" at the umpire.

— With all their best men in position Charlotte has a strong aggregation of ball players.

— What a pity we did not have the Turtles here yesterday to swim around the diamond.

— The D. D. and the Ornithological will doubtless not overlook the percent age column this morning.

— LeGrande, of Raleigh, after catching seventy-five consecutive games, was so badly hurt by a pitched ball, Thursday, that he had to retire from the field.

— Without considering the weather, the postponement of the lawn party until next week would have been wise. This gives ample time for thorough preparation.

— It will be a battle of the bats today if the weather is fair. There will be two games, one at 2:30 p. m. and the other at 4:30 p. m. But one admission will be charged.

— Manager Powell, of the New Orleans team, has released catcher Westlake, formerly of the Portsmouth team. Mullen has been signed by New Orleans for right field.

— The horse editor did not get to the grounds, or the waters yesterday. His umbrella had only three ribs; his rubber boots had no soles and his life boat needed a bottom.

— Raleigh *Times*:—"The latest suggestion to raise funds for the ball teams is for the Wilmington and Raleigh rooterinas to play a game. The Vice-president of the League should be induced to umpire."

— The Diamond Duster of the *N. and O.* says, in his extremity: "If the Wilmington team wins nothing else, it will win the name of the biggest kicker in the league." What? And Komical King Kelly's Kicking Krew in the league, too?

— The STAR is glad to learn from the *Leader* that the differences between the Richmond folk and the Charlotte team have been satisfactorily adjusted. Wonder if the Richmond directors were sorry as much as $120.00, the amount due the Hornets?

The Game at Raleigh Yesterday.

[*Special Star Telegrams.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 12.—The Red Birds and Tar Babies divided honors to day. There was a light rain most all the afternoon and plenty of mud on the field. It was rather remarkable that the scores were the same, only reversed both games.

The first contest was rather tiresome until the ninth inning, when the Red Birds piled up four runs to their credit, winning the game.

The second contest was somewhat more lively, but Kelly's men did not play as good game, else they would have been easy winners.

Raleigh rooters were delighted with Smith's work in the box, and claim he would have won the second game himself but for measly errors in the field.

The attendance was remarkable for the weather, more than 500, and over 200 sat in the rain under umbrellas.

First game:—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Raleigh	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	—	6	11	0
Tarboro	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	4	11	5

Batteries:—Stocksdale and Curran; Wolfe and Foster.

Second game:—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Tarboro	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	6	7	3
Raleigh	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	9	3

Batteries:—Slagle and Lehman; Smith and Curran.

ENJOYABLE BASE BALL EVENT LAST NIGHT.

Bazaar Has Been Postponed, But Reception at Armory Was Liberally Patronized—About $40 Realized.

Of course the Base Ball Bazaar at the Park had to be postponed last night on account of the very unfavorable weather, a condition which the enterprising managers of the fete fore saw early yesterday morning and in its place came a delightful little reception at the W. L. I. armory, which netted $40 for the very commendable object for which the event was designed.

But abandoned last night does not mean abandoned forever, and the public is yet to enjoy the benefit upon a more gigantic scale and for two nights consecutively—next Thursday and Friday. It will be upon a more elaborate scale because the lady managers will have more time to devote to preparation and because by the time the bazaar will now come "on the boards," many new, novel and attractive features will be added.

The armory last night, despite the rain and gusts of wind that contributed to make life miserable all night, was crowded to over-flowing and the "shekels" poured into the coffers in a most satisfactory manner.

The voting contest for the most popular player on the Wilmington team was spirited and was conducted by pretty little girls, each one of whom had a favorite on the team, for whom she was canvassing about the crowded corridors with all the zeal and persistence possible. These results will not be announced until the bazaar next week, neither will the contest close until that time. A good sum from this source has already been realized.

In the reading and officers' rooms at the armory there were booths filled with dainty refreshments and these were patronized liberally. In the assembly room music and dancing was in progress during the entire evening. The building was brilliantly lighted by incandescents and Japanese lanterns. The decorations necessarily were not profuse but were very pretty.

Upon the whole, the event was very enjoyable and is a credit to the ladies who, non-plussed in the plans of a week, were forced to arrange for the affair in a single day. Mrs. Cuthbert Martin and Mrs. A. B. Skelding had general control of the bazaar and the various booths were gracefully presided over by the following: Candy, Mrs. J. H. Watters; ice cream, Mrs. W. W. Hodges and Mrs. Anson Alligood; cake, Mrs. R. H. Grant and Mrs. B. J. Jacobs; ticket contest, Mrs. E. P. Boatwright. These were materially aided by many other ladies, who contributed cheerfully their services.

The season ticket contested for was won by Number 110, held by Miss Martha Williams.

All the members of the Wilmington team were present and were shown due attention.

Raising Up of Chiefs.

At a kindling of the council fire of Eyota Tribe No. 5, Improved Order of Red Men, in the Twelfth Sleep of Buck Moon, G. S. D., 410, Deputy Great Sachem J. M. McGowan, assisted by Past Sachems F. J. K. Fuchs, W. E. Mann and I. J. Sternberger, raised the following Chiefs to their respective stumps: Sachem, Wm. Sheehan; Senior Sagamore, D. Hanna; Junior Sagamore, E. B. Burkheimer; First Sannap, M. E. Keathley; Second Sannap, F. W. Ortmann, Jr.; Guard of Forest, J. T. Yates; Guard of Wigwam, C. Von Glahn; First Warrior, F. B. LeGwin; Second Warrior, W. B. Litgen; Third Warrior C. E. Collins; Fourth Warrior, R. L. Truelove; First Brave, W. E. Mann; Second Brave, S. L. Mann; Third Brave, W. R. Middleton; Fourth Brave, H. E. Truelove.

J. M. McGowan, Chief of Records, and E. P. H. Strunck, Keeper of Wampum, were raised to their stumps on the first sleep, cold moon, for a year.

International Convention, B. Y. P. U.

The Baptist Young People's Union of the First Baptist church, at its last meeting, elected Mrs. W. A. Lineker to represent the local organization at the International B. Y. P. U. Convention at Chicago, July 25-28. Dr. Blackwell, as State manager, has delegated Mrs. Lineker to present the North Carolina banner on "Banner Day" at the convention. It is an honor worthily bestowed and the duties of the position will be well performed by the representative from Wilmington.

Trips To Southport.

Two round trip excursions to Southport at the amazingly low figure of 25 cents is what Capt. Harper has to offer on the steamer *Wilmington* Sunday. Points of interest along the river will be pointed out to his guests on this occasion and stops made, when time will admit. The first boat leaves Market street dock at 9:45 and the second at 2:30 P. M. If you don't go, you'll wish you had.

Will Speak at Grace Church.

Rev. J. W. Shackford, a graduate of Randolph Macon College and now a theological student of Vanderbilt College, will speak at Grace M. E. church Sunday. Rev. Mr. Shackford is a grandson of Wilmington's esteemed townsman, Dr. T. B. Kingsbury, and is a preacher of rare ability and attractiveness. He will be heard by a Wilmington congregation with much pleasure.

A DISAGREEABLE DAY.

But the Boys in Camp Made the Most of It and Enjoyed Themselves.

"CAMP AYCOCK" YESTERDAY.

General Orders Nos. 5 and 6 Posted—Warrenton Has a Large and Distinguished Band of Soldiers---Gov. Aycock. A Band Excursion.

The cold, disagreeable rain made it far from pleasant yesterday for the inhabitants of the live little city of "Camp Aycock," at Wrightsville, but despite the weather, the usual routine was observed with the exception of battalion drill and dress parade in the afternoon.

The boys of the "Third" are, however, a good natured lot of fellows and they grouped about in their tents and made the most of the adverse weather conditions.

The general orders issued from headquarters yesterday are as follows:

HEADQ'RS 3RD REGIMENT N. C. S. G.
CAMP AYCOCK, June 12, 1901.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 5.

The roll calls put in Order Number 2, are hereby revoked and the following substituted.

Reville, 5:30 A. M.
Mess, 6 A. M.
Fatigue, 6:30 A. M.
Guard First Call, 7 A. M.
Assembly, 7:10 A. M.
Drill, First Call, 8 A. M.
Assembly, 8:10 A. M.
Recall, 9:10 A. M.
Sergeant Call, 9:30 A. M.
Sergeant Call, 12:30 P. M.
Mess, 1 P. M.
Drill, First Call, 4:20 P. M.
Assembly, 4:30 P. M.
Recall, 5:30 P. M.
Dress Parade, 6. P. M.
Assembly, 6.10 P. M.
Adjutants Call, 6.15 P. M.
Mess, 7.00 P. M.
Tattoo, 10 00 P. M.
Taps, 10:30 P. M.

2. It is a subject of remark that so little attention has been paid to execution of bugle calls. Company commanders are hereby ordered to assemble companies at the sound of the bugle, neither sooner or later.

3. Company commanders will detail some men who report at Adjutant's tents as Company clerks. Their duties will be to report to Adjutant's tents at 8.00 P. M. to copy orders and post same on Company bulletin boards. These clerks will be excused from morning drill and guard duty.

4. Company commanders will have orders relative to company posted at first roll call and enforce them.

5. The day's applications for permits will be handed into the Adjutant's tent at morning approach of 10 A. M. by order of

COL. HENRY PERRY.
McGhee, Captain and Adjutant.

GENERAL ORDER NO 6.

1. Battalion Adjutants will receive reports of the companies immediately after all roll calls and immediately report same to Regimental Adjutant.

2. Battalion Adjutants will report at Adjutant's tent at 3 P. M By order of COL. HENRY PERRY.
McGhee, Captain and Adjutant.

Notes Picked Up About Camp

Captain Price, of Company H, was officer of the day. Lieutenant Stirgus of Company C, was senior officer of the guard and Lieutenant Brown of Company E, junior officer.

Company I, Burlington, has not yet received its uniforms and has only had its guns twenty days. The boys, however, drill well considering the fact of the short time they have had part equipment.

The total strength of the regiment now in camp is 550 men and officers. There are fifty commissioned officers and 110 non commissioned.

The officer of the day was Captain Woodall, of Durham, and of the guard Lieutenant Minor. The countersign was "Raleigh."

Governor Aycock and staff will probably review the regiment at dress parade to day.

The Third Regiment Band expects to run an excursion on the steamer *Wilmington* early next week. It will be a drawing card for the soldiers and many Wilmington people.

The band gives a concert at battalion drill in the morning and at dress parade in the evening. Both are greatly enjoyed by an audience, which numbers the entire regiment.

The announcement of the extra trip of the Seacoast Railroad to the beach at 4 P. M. on Sunday and the special each day at 8:30 P. M. from camp to the beach is gratefully received by the soldiers. Many of the boys go over each night for the "light fantastic" and the excellent opportunities offered for surf bathing.

Governor and Mrs. Aycock and Miss Julia Howell, of Raleigh, are expected to arrive this evening or to morrow morning. They will spend two weeks here during encampment.

Company H., of Warrenton, is one of, if not the strongest and best looking body of men in camp. They number 51, and are in command of that clever soldier, Capt. E. C. Price, with First Lieutenant C. C. Hunter, Second Lieutenant H. W. Palmer and First Sergeant C. R. Rodwell.

Many of the soldiers came up to Wilmington yesterday, but found the day quite as disagreeable here as on the sound.

The Franklinton company is not in camp as many of its members are engaged in agricultural pursuits and the late season made it impossible for them to leave their work. The question is now raised: "Does this forfeit the company its position in the State Guard?"

City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. C. H. Robinson, of New York, is expected home to-day on a brief visit to his mother.

— Mrs. D. B. Holland and children left last night to join Mr. Holland, who is at Charleston, S. C

— Miss Lena Jarman, of Jacksonville, N. C., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. O. Page, No. 617 Grace street.

— Miss Carrie Todd and Miss Annie Clark, of Charlotte, were here yesterday en route to Warsaw to visit friends.

— Mr. M. H. Kelly, Mrs. P. E. Kelly and Mrs. W. J. Tracey returned yesterday from a visit to Sumter, S. C.

— Mrs. S. J. Hecht, children and nurse, of Baltimore, are here to visit Mrs. Hecht's brother, Mr. L. Stein, at Wrightsville Beach.

— Misses Annie Clark, Carrie Todd, Messrs. S. B. Alexander, Jr., and N. Hussey arrived yesterday en route to Wrightsville.

— Capt. and Mrs. E. W. VanC. Lucas came up from the Seashore Hotel yesterday, where they have been spending a part of the Summer and are at their city residence, No. 315 South Front street.

THE CITY TAX ORDINANCE.

Mr. Worth Will Test Constitutionality of Provision Relative to Wagons.

Wm. Johnson, driver of one Mr. W. E. Worth's ice wagons, was arrested yesterday, charged with violation of Section 41 of the city tax ordinance relative to the providing of delivery wagons with numbered tags under the direction of the City Clerk and Treasurer and Chief of Police. The case was heard in the municipal court and Mr. Worth appeared with his counsel, Judge E. K. Bryan, to defend the driver. The defendant was found guilty by the Mayor and the case was appealed to the higher court, where, it is learned the constitutionality of the provision will be questioned. For the tag numbering the vehicle the nominal charge of ten cents is made and the following is the full text of the law:

SEC. 41—Drays, Trucks, Wagons and Carts: $1.00 per year in advance, provided, however, that this tax shall not apply to vehicles of merchants in the hauling or delivery of their own goods, but all shall be numbered under the direction of the City Clerk and Treasurer and Chief of Police.

Coming With Lumber Bridge Company.

Along with the Lumber Bridge Light Infantry which comes into encampment on the 22nd, will be Capt. C. A. Short and a number of the cadets of the Red Springs Military Academy. The list is as follows: Henry Hodgin, Thomas Cope, Bartram Robeson, Edwin Purcell, Willie McBryde and Dodd Buie, of Red Springs; Tom Wooten, Wash Peace and Chesley McCaskill, of Maxton; Boyd Hamer, of Tatum, S. C.

Church Notices.

Bladen Street Methodist Church: Rev. J. J. Porter will preach at 11 A. M., and at the evening service.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Rev. J. W. Shackford, of Virginia, will occupy the pulpit on Sunday.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Rev. Calvin S. Blackwell, D. D., pastor. 11 A. M., "Adam, Eve and Eden." 8:15 P. M., "God, Man and Satan."

Southside Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. R. H. Herring, pastor. Services 11 o'clock A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M. Prayer meeting service every Wednesday night at 8 o'clock.

First Presbyterian Church. Rev. J. M. Wells, Ph. D., pastor. Divine services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., conducted by the pastor. The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated at the morning service. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8:15 P. M. The public cordially invited.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure pastor. Sabbath services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., "Song of Solomon." Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Purser, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Fifth Street Methodist Church, situated on Fifth street between Nun and Church, Rev. John H. Hall, pastor. Services on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Sunday School Sunday afternoon at 3.00 o'clock. A cordial invitation extended to all.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The Funeral of the late PATRICK DONLAN will take place at 10 A. M. Saturday, July 13th, from St. Thomas' Pro-Cathedral. Requiem High Mass. Interment in Oakdale Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Field Peas.

Thirty or forty bushels Field Peas for sale. Also

Bagging, Ties and Salt.

Big stock of Groceries.

D. L. GORE CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
jy 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

New Goods!

Marrow Fat Beans.
Evaporated Apricots.

Fox's Saratoga Chips.

Dried Lima Beans.
Postum Cereal---Grape Nuts.
Baker's Cocoa and Chocolate.
An Mara Squin---Bigarreaux.
Stuffed Olives 10c a Jar.

S. W. SANDERS,

At The Unlucky Corner.
my 15 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. C. BLACKBAY of the Southern Live Stock Company, has just received another lot of nice

HORSES AND MULES.

Also a lot of nice Buggies and Harness. If you need anything in his line don't fail to see him before you buy. Will sell them for cash or good paper. Call at

S. J. DAVIS,

Je 25 tf Livery Stables, 208 & 210 Market Street.

COOL, COMFORTABLE, CHEAP.

Wicker furniture is the ideal furniture for summer. It looks delightfully cool and it is cool.

We are making a special sale of
Fancy Wicker Rockers made on white maple frames, $2 00;
Fancy plaited back with high roll arms, shaped seats, at $1.00.

These are not cheaply made goods which will go to pieces in a short time but excellent furniture, beautiful, strong and lasting.

MUNROE & KELLY,

No. 17 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 115. jy 4 tf

TRY US.

We have Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Cakes, Crackers, Candies,

Soap, Snuff, Soda,

Starch, Lye, Potash, Lard, Meal, Hominy, Molasses, Nails, Tobacco, Smoking and Chewing,

and a full line of Canned Goods. All of which we offer to the trade at living prices.

Williams Bros.

Je 25 tf

"Show Down" Tobacco

Sold every where and by everybody.

"SHOW DOWN" Tobacco.

Free from stems and suits the taste.

"SHOW DOWN" Tobacco

Don't decay teeth. A good chew.

"SHOW DOWN Tobacco.

All stores carry it. Take no other.

Vollers & Hashagen,

je 23 tf Sole Agents.

NEW WHEAT FLOUR.

1,000 Bbls. New Wheat Flour.
5,200 Pounds Large Mullets.
1,280 Bushels Virginia Meal,
360 Dozen Tomatoes.
210 Dozen Sugar Corn.
110 Dozen Salmon.
310 Dozen Oysters.
180 Dozen Table Peaches.
106 Dozen Pie Peaches.

We carry the stock. We guarantee every article.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer
308, 310, 312 Nutt street,
jy 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Hay, Corn, Meal, Oats, Flour.

Several cars just in. Full line

CANNED GOODS,

Snuff, Tobacco, Cigars, &c.

Get our samples and prices.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
je 21 tf Nutt and Mulberry

WE NOW HAVE SOMETHING TO OFFER YOU.

You can save money by going to WARREN'S CAFE for your Lunch. ASK FOR IT.

Warren's Steam Bakery and Cafe.

jy 10 tf 22 North Front Street.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 13.

RECIPROCITY TARIFF TREATIES

A dozen or so tariff treaties were negotiated last year, but the Senate quietly pigeonholed the whole bunch without even the formal courtesy of discussing them. What reason was assigned for this we do not know, but possibly it is contained in the following from an interview with Senator Hoar, telegraphed from Worcester, Mass., to the New York *Sun*. Speaking of the tariff and reciprocity he said:

"The friends of protection have always claimed that to make American manufacture strong it must first command our own market, and that then it would proceed to occupy those of the world. I think we should go very slowly in binding the country irrevocably in such matters by treaties. We find it necessary to revise our tariffs every few years. But a tariff by treaty can never be repealed without breaking our faith and can never be revised without the consent of a foreign country and a two thirds vote of the Senate. The simpler and easier way to do this thing is by concurrent legislation.

"We shall accomplish in some way a reasonable reciprocity by admitting from other countries what they can produce and we cannot produce, and sending to other countries what we produce and they cannot."

Making tariffs by treaty doesn't strike Senator Hora very favorably, and perhaps other Senators agree with him, as doubtless nearly every member of the House of Representatives will, for they could not regard favorably a new departure that would take the tarriff making business from where it belongs, and turn it over to the State Department and the Senate.

It is well that the Senate did pigeon-hole that batch of treaties, for if ratified they would have been troublesome to get away from, after we got tired of them, which we would very soon, for there is nothing in this reciprocity business, as the Republicans propose to run it. It is a mere dodge to escape modifying the Dingley tariff. which the Republican statesmen do not wish to touch, if they can help it. Hence they have resorted to this reciprocity scheme, under cover of which the protected manufacturers and others who share the benefits of protection will continue to have it as bountifully as they have now. This would be a nice fake for the Republican politicians to play, if they could play it, and it would be a good thing for the beneficiaries of the protective tariff.

But Mr. Hoar, who is not in favor of disturbing the Dingley tariff and reducing the protection it gives manufacturers and others, thinks that "we shall accomplish in some way a reasonable reciprocity by admitting from other countries what they produce and we cannot produce, and sending to other countries what we produce and they cannot." They have practically that kind of reciprocity under the Dingley tariff as they had under the McKinley tariff, both of which impose light duties on articles which we do not produce. Of course under the reciprocity to which Senator Hoar refers there might be no tax at all. But the trade that would be created by reciprocity confined to such articles as these would be a comparatively very small matter and would add but little to the value of our exports. It would simply embrace coffee, tea, rubber, spices and certain tropical productions which we do not now produce, but may produce in the near future.

The fact is the U. S. Department of Agriculture is now carrying on experiments with such measure of success that Secretary Wilson predicts that we will in the near future produce everything that we need and be absolutely independent of the rest of the world. Then where would this Republican scheme of reciprocity be? Here is the optimistic prognostication of Secretary Wilson, taken from an interview in the New York *Tribune*, in which he gives his views on the much talked of European tariff coalition against this country:

"There is no doubt that this country, within a few months, will be in a position to ignore every other nation on the globe in the matter of food products. We shall produce within our own domain everything that goes upon our table and upon our backs. We shall then be, commercially and industrially, almost independent of the other nations of the world. Hence any trade combination which may be effected against us will count for nothing. Whenever we get ready we can come pretty near starving any other nation. Therefore an effective combination against us will be an impossibility."

Secretary Wilson and his department are doing some pretty good work in the line of experiment to ascertain what this country can produce, which it has not produced, but he is of a sanguine, optimistic temperament and therefore his prognostics of possibilities and probabilities should be taken with considerable allowance. He is quoted in this extract as limiting the period of dependence to "a few months," when he probably meant a few years, for as rapid as we are we couldn't produce in a few months as much coffee, tea, sugar, etc., as we need; but assuming that we can approximate in a few years even the sanguine predictions of Secretary Wilson, where will there be any use for a protective or any other kind of a tariff?

We are already independent of Europe for manufactures and we don't have to buy anything to eat or to wear, from that side, so that Mr. Hoar's reciprocity wouldnt come in there. The only countries it could apply to would be China and Japan, and the countries South of us which produce things which we do not produce, but which we will be shortly producing, according to Secretary Wilson. When his cheering vision is realized then there need be no reciprocity. It will be knocked out, for if we produce everything we need we will have nothing to buy from other countries, and hence it will be folly to talk of reciprocity with countries from which we buy nothing; and when the trade is all on one side, nothing reciprocal.

If they propose to play that reciprocity fake for politics they had better give Secretary Wilson a hint to do less talking and be less optimistic on these lines. His talk and their talk and scheme don't blend.

A PERTINENT INQUIRY.

Commenting upon that remarkable Fourth of July speech by Senator McLaurin, the Springfield (Mass.,) *Republican* pertinently observes:

"It would be interesting to know just when the junior Senator from South Carolina discovered that God's purposes were being worked out in the McKinley expansion policy. He did not know about it just prior to the ratification of the Spanish peace treaty, when he denounced the whole forcible annexation program in the strongest terms. The knowledge came to him some time afterward, and from whom, or where? Meantime it cannot but be remarked, even at this distance, that the Senator's claim of divine purpose increases in emphasis in pretty close ratio with the increase in the number of McLaurinites placed in Federal office by President McKinley."

His conversion from an anti-imperialist to an imperialist was, according to his own account, quite sudden. He hadn't thought about taking a back summerset until he heard the news boys selling extras on the streets of Washington, yelling something about the saucy Filipinos firing on our flag, and then he went to his room and in the solitude, all by himself, he devoured the contents of one of those extras, and resolved there and then to stand by the flag (at long range) and that's what he has been doing ever since, not only standing by the flag but standing by the Republican party and swallowing its protective tariff, ship subsidies and lots of other things.

His discovery of the important part this country and G. B. (which stands for Great Britain) are to take in planting "the banner of the cross" in heathen lands, was made probably after he had read, digested and assimilated the sermons and speeches of some of those zealous preachers who got the start of him in discovering Providence in all this land grabbing business.

But as a preliminary to this planting of "the banner of the cross," wouldn't it be a good idea, and might it not remove some of the difficulties, if a strong force of missionaries were sent among the armies of the Cristian nations who are engaged in in the work of opening the way for the spreading of Christianity to curb the looting, licentiousness and savage butchery, which are creating a rather unfavorable impression among heathen and other unsophisticated innocents ?

SPEED OF SHIPS.

Naval architects have predicted that with the improvements in ship building and machinery furnishing the motive power, vessels will in the near future make the run across the Atlantic in three days or less. There is nothing more incredible in this prediction than there would have been in a prediction ten years ago that vessels would now be making the run in a little over five days or that ocean steamers would clip along at a speed of twenty-five miles an hour, or that torpedo boats would make forty miles an hour, as they are now doing and not doing their best, either.

But we seem to be getting near the three day prediction, judging from a London dispatch which announces that Lieutenant Graydon, formerly of the U. S. Navy, has made an improvement on the Parsons' turbine which adds immensely to its power while reducing by nearly one-half the quantity of steam required and fuel used, at the same time simplyfying and reducing the weight of the machinery used. The invention is described as "a compound steam turbine, bearing the same relation to the Parsons' turbine that a simple engine does to a compound. It uses steam under fifteen different pressures within a single cylinder the size of a nail keg." As in the Parsons' turbine, the power is applied directly to the shaft.

A model has been exhibited with a twenty-five horse power, which makes 3,000 revolutions a minute without the slightest vibration. Andrew Carnegie, who is a practical man and no visionary, is organizing a $4,000,000 company to build this invention near Philadelphia for use on vessels, and it is predicted that with this power vessels can make the run across the Atlantic in three days.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Hanna has asked Morgan to stop another strike. Dissatisfied artisans would better go to Mr. Hanna first, hereafter, to announce that they will strike if he doesn't see Morgan for them.—*Newport News Herald, Dem.*

—— In his independence day speech on "Triumphant America" the Rev. Dr. T. DeWit Talmage, of Washington, predicted the annexation of all South America. It is to be regretted that he did not urge the country to make ready for such a future by beginning to grow statesmen fitted to do the governing in the continent to be annexed.—*Macon Telegraph, Dem.*

—— Army men returning from the Philippines report great harm as resulting from the abolishment of the canteen. The soldiers in quest of liquor usually resort to the nearest groggeries, and these are kept mostly by women, who sell the wandering soldier horrible concoctions of native intoxicants, with deadly results to the physical and mental condition of the enlisted men. It is difficult to comprehend what good can be accomplished in forcing drinking men into such surrounding.—*Baltimore Herald, Ind.*

—— A tremendous harvest this year, and a poor one abroad, stand off the day of the coming depression for us; but, if England suffers in consequence of the failures in Germany by 1903, it may he expected that our time will come a year or so later, as it did in the panic of 1893, and if we should have a poor harvest—that is, a failure such as France is suffering from this year—the absurdity of the Hanna proposition that prosperity here is due to the thriff, and the ascendency of the Republican party generally, will be painfully demonstrated. For, when foreign nations cannot sell us their goods, and are too poor to buy ours, trade must have a setback.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS

— Doctor, I feel dull and stupid all the time. Hadn't I better do something about it? Oh, no; you can't improve on nature. — *Indianapolis News.*

— "What is the saddest work of fiction you ever read?" "The cook book," answered the young woman, who had not been married very long. —*Philadelphia Telegraph.*

— A little girl said to her mother one day: "Mother, I feel nervous." "Nervous!" said the mother; "what is nervous?" "Why, it's being in a hurry all over."—*Tit Bits.*

— How much is that employe shorn? inquired the commercial acquaintance. Short! echoed the bank director. We are the ones who are short. He is away ahead of the game.

— "Are those your clothes or mine!" asked the athletic man of his wife. "Look in the hip pocket," was the reply. "If it's smelling salts they are mine; if it's brandy they are yours."—*Leslie's Weekly.*

— Patience—"Mrs. Styles is opposed to this promiscuous kissing, I believe!" Patrice—"Oh, yes; she thinks it enough to divide her kisses between her husband and her dog."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— District Visitor—"But, Mrs. Brown, haven't you had a doctor?" Mrs. Brown—"No, ma'am; my 'usband e don't 'old with no doctors. 'E says, says 'e, as I'd better die a nateral death."—*Moonshine.*

— Slight Difference: Judge—"Did you call the plaintiff a liar?" Defendant—"No your honor. I merely said he ought to get a job as a weather prophet."—*Chicago Daily News*

— Jenkins—Has Windbag been successful as a statesman? Jones—Well, to some extent; but he has never succeeded in attaining to the highest peak of eminence. Jenkins—How so? Jones—He has never had a collar named after him yet.—*Tit-Bits.*

— "What is your vocation?" asked the cannibal king, sternly. "I—er—I am a weather bureau man, your majesty." ventured the weather man timidly. "Turn him loose," commanded the cannibal king; "he has been roasted enough."—*OhioState Journal.*

— In a Flourishing Condition: Old-Fashioned Pastor: You observe no falling off in spirituality in your congregation, I hope? Popular Young Clergyman—I think our congregation has never been as active in church work as now. The ladies' ice cream socials are excellently attended, and our last rummage sale realized nearly $375 for the organ fund.—*Chicago American.*

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved,—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Guaranteed.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

FLORENCE, S. C., Nov. 26, 1900.

I was first advised by our family physician in Charleston to use TEETHINA with our baby when she was but a very young infant, as a preventive of colic and to warm and sweeten the stomach. Later it was useful in teething troubles, and its effect has been found to be so very beneficial and so free from the dangers that are consequent upon the use of drugs and soothing syrups, that we have come to regard it, after use with three children, as one of the necessities when there is a new baby in the house and until the teething troubles are over, and we take pleasure in recommending it to our friends instead of the horrid stuff that so many people use to keep their babies quiet.

HARTWELL M. AYER,
(Mgr. Daily Times and Weekly Times Messenger.)

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Mount Airy *News:* Small grain has been harvested, but not all stacked. Some has been threshed, but the yield was not satisfactory. It is thought the crop will be a very short one.

— Chadbourn *Messenger:* The condition of crops has improved wonderfully within the last few days, and the outlook now is much brighter than was anticipated a short time ago.

— Faison *Journal:* Our huckleberry shipments amounted to more than 4,000 crates on Saturday and the woods are still full of them and the prices still range from 5 to 8 cents per quart

—Raleigh *News and Observer:* Mr. R H. Perry, a farmer who lives five miles northeast of Raleigh had three-quarters of an acre in strawberries this year. He gathered thirty-five barrels and sold them for $309 54.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth:* Some time during the night of July 13th the express office at Conetoe was broken open and two express packages and several suits of the agent's clothes stolen. The whole amounted to about $35.00.

— Nashvilla *Graphic:* Bob Johnson, who resided in the neighborhood of Dukes was found sitting in a chair dead last Tuesday. We learn his child was sick and he was sitting by its side attending to it for his wife to be absent a few minutes When his wife returned she found her husband dead.

— Washington *Progress:* We have received information that efforts are being made to organize a stock company for the purpose of constructing a trolly railroad around Mattamuskeet Lake in Hyde county from Swan Quarter. This line will be about forty five miles long and will traverse the most fertile farming land in North Carolina.

— Weldon *News:* Mr. James Latta was drowned in Roanoke river at Roanoke Rapids, a few days ago while bathing in the river with five or six companions. Mr. Latta, who could not swim a stroke, got in water beyond his depth and was drowned before his friends could reach him. The body was recovered Wednesday. The young man was formerly of Durham.

— Concord *Standard:* Sunday, the fice dog belonging to Mr. John Propst went mad and bit many dogs in the city and county, but he also has a victim in Grover Creech, the 13 year-old son of Mr. J. W. Creech, of Mill street. Sunday evening the rabid fice attacked the pet dog belonging to Grover and when he undertook to stop the fight the fice jumped on him, biting his arm severely. The boy was taken to the Pasteur institute at Baltimore this (Wednesday) morning for treatment.

— Dunn *Banner:* Mr. E. R. Coats, who runs a mercantile business in Dunn, and whose farm is about two and a half miles away, was robbed of $57.50 last Monday night while on his way home. It was very dark and he was driving along slowly near Stoney Run branch when the horse was seized and three men dragged him from his buggy and took what money he had. There was one twenty dollar bill, two five dollar gold pieces and the rest in silver. Mr. Coats received no bodily harm, save little bruises from being dragged from his buggy. He says it was so dark that he could not tell who the parties were.

JAPANESE LACQUER.

It Is the Greatest Art In the Chrysanthemum Kingdom.

Professor Rein of Bonn university says in an exhaustive work on lacquer that "among the many well developed branches of Japanese art industry lacquer work undoubtedly takes first place. In no other have the feeling for art and artistic ability of the Japanese their free play of fancy and their admirable perseverance and skill in executing their richly figured pictures, developed earlier and more."

Japanese lacquer ware is distinguished for its lightness, elegance, solidity and the beauty and spirit of its decoration, and principally by several valuable elements in the material itself, such as great hardness, in which it excels all others, without showing brittleness or cracking, for its luster and mirrorlike surface and its resistance to a number of agencies which attack and destroy common resinous lacquer varnish. Professor H. W. Vogel says the simple black Japanese lacquered dish is proof against acid and alcohol. Hot cigar ashes or even boiling water do not affect it. It is these characteristics which distinguish Japanese lacquers from European and American imitation, which are all prepared from resinous varnishes and have none of the properties of the Japanese product.

There is a great variety of single color Japanese lacquer ware—black, red, greenish yellow, green, brown of various shades, cloudy light green, dark green and a variety of other shades almost too numerous to mention.

There is a peculiar lacquered yellow woodenware made in Nojiro, a small town north of Akita, near the Japan sea, that differs from all other varieties, inasmuch as the natural grain of the wood is clearly shown and beautifully preserved, while usually the material used is entirely concealed beneath the opaque coating of lacquer. This ware is of a transparent yellow or brownish yellow color, through which the veins or spots of the wood show up under a high luster, which adds greatly to the beauty of the ware. Nojiro Shun Kei, as it is called, is very expensive, and is seldom exported to this country. It is claimed that its method of workmanship is a trade secret that is jealously guarded by those engaged in its production.—Jeweler's Review.

Don't Be Critical.

Whatever you do never set up for a critic. We don't mean a newspaper one, but in private life, in the domestic circle, in society. It will not do any one any good, and it will do you harm—if you mind being called disagreeable. If you don't like any one's nose or object to any one's chin, don't put your feelings into words. If any one's manners don't please you, remember your own. People are not all made to suit one taste. Recollect that. Take things as you find them unless you can alter them. Even a dinner after it is swallowed cannot be made any better. Continual fault finding, continual criticism of the speech of this one and the conduct of that one, the dress of the one and the opinions of the other, will make home the unhappiest place under the sun. If you are never pleased with any one, no one will ever be pleased with you.—Weekly Budget.

Japanese Superstitions.

Enlightened as the Japanese are in many ways, it still happens that in cases of sudden outbreak of disease religious festivals are organized with a view to propitiating the Supreme Power, and these functions have the effect of gathering together the people from infected as well as healthy localities, to spread infection.

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

SANTAL-MIDY
Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.
It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.
SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine. MIDY

"Is your mamma cross? Mine is awful cross! Does your mamma say 'Hush!' when you laugh or make a little bit of a noise? My mamma does. She has nerves, papa says."

The mother who overheard this account of herself would feel heart-broken to think of the shadow cast by her misery on those she loved. Yet her condition is real. Her nerves are strained to the point of torture. Lack of appetite and loss of sleep increase her weakness.

Such a condition may, in general be traced to disease of the delicate womanly organism, a cure for which is found in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces refreshing sleep.

"I had been a constant sufferer from uterine disease for five years," writes Mrs. J. A. Steorts, of Yankee Dam, Clay Co., West Virginia, "and for six months previous to taking your medicine I was not out of my room. Could not walk or stand, as there was such pain and drawing in left side and bearing-down weight in region of uterus, accompanied with soreness. I suffered constantly with headache, pain in back, shoulders, arms and chest; and could not sleep nor lie down. When I had taken three bottles of the medicine the periods were regulated. I was not so nervous, could sleep well, and the pain in side and bearing down had vanished. My health is better at this time than it has been in five years."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets stimulate the liver.

How He Earned Breakfast.

I must have walked the streets (of Richmond) till after midnight. At last I became so exhausted that I could walk no longer. I was tired, I was hungry. I was everything but discouraged. Just about the time when I reached extreme physical exhaustion I came upon a portion of a street where the board sidewalk was considerably elevated. I waited for a few minutes till I was sure that no passersby could see me and then crept under the sidewalk and lay for the night upon the ground, with my satchel of clothing for a pillow. Nearly all night I could hear the tramp of feet over my head.

The next morning I found myself somewhat refreshed, but I was extremely hungry, because it had been a long time since I had had sufficient food. As soon as it became light enough for me to see my surroundings I noticed that I was near a large ship and that this ship seemed to be unloading a cargo of pig iron. I went at once to the vessel and asked the captain to permit me to help unload the vessel in order to get money for food. The captain, a white man, who seemed to be kind hearted, consented. I worked long enough to earn money for my breakfast, and it seems to me, as I remember it now, to have been about the best breakfast that I have ever eaten.—Booker T. Washington in Outlook.

The Wedding Fee.

The Groom—What is your usual fee for performing marriages?

Rev. Ticknot—Oh, I prefer to leave that to you. Whatever you think it's worth, you know.

The Groom—In that case I shall have to wait a year at least. If she is satisfactory, I'll pay you handsomely; if not, you may expect a damage suit.—Ohio State Journal.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		7½@	7¾
Standard		@	8
Burlaps		6 @	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔		12½@	14
Sides ℔		9 @	10
Shoulders ℔		19 @	9¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔		8¾@	9
Shoulders ℔		8½@	9
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		1 35 @	1 45
Second-hand machine		1 35 @	1 45
New New York, each		@	1 50
New City, each		@	1 50
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℳ		7 00 @	7 50
Northern		9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔		20 @	25
Northern		25 @	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		59 @	60
Virginia Meal		59 @	60
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		1 10 @	1 25
CANDLES—℔			
Sperm		18 @	20
Adamantine		8 @	11
COFFEE—℔			
Laguyra		11 @	12¼
Rio		9 @	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	20 00 @		30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00 @		15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	18 00 @		18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00 @		9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @		14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	4 50 @		4 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	8 00 @		9 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @		3 25
Dry Cod, ℔	5 @		10
Extra	4 25 @		4 50
FLOUR—℔			
Low grade	3 00 @		3 25
Choice	3 25 @		3 50
Straight	3 50 @		3 75
First Patent	4 25 @		4 50
GLUE—℔	8 @		10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	62½@		63
Mixed Corn	62½@		63
Car-load, in bgs—White	60 @		62
Oats, from store	40 @		42½
Oats, Rust Proof	@		35
Cow Peas	90 @		1 50
HIDES—℔			
Green salted	4 @		5
Dry flint	10 @		11
Dry salt	9 @		10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
No 1 Timothy	95 @		1 00
Rice Straw	40 @		50
Eastern	90 @		95
Western	90 @		95
North River	@		90
HOOP IRON, ℔	2½@		3
CHEESE—℔			
Northern Factory	13 @		15
Dairy Cream	13½@		14
Half cream	10 @		13½
LARD, ℔			
Northern	7½@		9¾
North Carolina	9 @		10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @		1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℳ M—			
Ship Stuff, rossed	18 00 @		20 00
Rough edge Plank	18 00 @		18 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @		18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @		22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @		18 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@		32
Barbadoes, in barrels	@		28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	30 @		31
Porto Rico, in barrels	32 @		33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13 @		14
Sugar House, in barrels	14 @		15
Syrup, in barrels	15 @		25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 8d basis	@		2 35
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	@		17 00
Rump	@		17 00
Prime	@		16 50
ROPE, ℔	11 @		22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@		1 25
Liverpool	95 @		1 10
American	95 @		1 05
On the ℔ Sacks	65 @		70
SUGAR, ℔— Standard Gran'd	5⅝@		6
Standard A	5¼@		5¾
White Extra C	@		5
Extra C, Golden	4¾@		5
C Yellow	4 @		4¾
SOAP, ℔— Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—O. barrel	6 00 @		14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@		10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00 @		9 00
Common mill	4 00 @		8 00
Fair mill	5 00 @		8 00
Prime mill	6 50 @		7 50
Extra mill	8 00 @		8 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
ℳ M 6x24 inch	4 25 @		5 00
" Sap	3 00 @		3 25
6x20 Hoart	2 25 @		2 50
" Sap	1 60 @		1 75
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00 @		2 10

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, July 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 34 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 33½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95c per barrel for strained and $1.00 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.50 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at $1.00 per barrel for hard, $2.00 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady at 43@42½c; rosin firm at $1.15@1 20; tar steady at $1 40; crude turpentine quiet at $1.60 @2 60

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	160
Rosin	223
Tar	87
Crude turpentine	133

Receipts same day last year—116 casks spirits turpentine, 186 bbls rosin, 77 bbls tar, 171 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 9 16	cts ℔ lb
Good ordinary	6 15 16	" "
Low middling	7 11 16	" "
Middling	8	" "
Good middling	8 5 16	" "

Same day last year middling nothing doing.

Receipts—56 bales; same day last year.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing the c paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, quiet. Prime 70c; extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. Spanish, 75c.

CORN—Firm; 62 to 65c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 10c; sides, 8 to 10c.

EGGS—Firm at 14 to 15c per dozen

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 22½ to 30c; springs, 10 to 20c.

TURKEYS—Nothing doing.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 75c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Money on call was steady at 2@3 per cent.; last loan at 2 per cent., ruling rate 4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange heavy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½ for demand and 484¼@484½ for sixty days. Posted rates were 485½ @486 and 488¾. Commercial bills 484@ 484½. Silver certificates nominally —. Bar silver 58¾. Mexican dollars 46¾. Government bonds irregular. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds weak. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 107½; U. S. refu'g 2's, coupon, 107¾; U. S 3's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 108; do. coupon, 108¾; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 138½; do. coupon, 138¾; U. S 4's, old reg'd, 112¾; do. coupon, 112¾; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 109; do. coupon, 109; Southern Railway 5's 117¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 94¼; Chesapeake & Ohio 43¾; Manhattan L 115¾; N. Y. Central 150¼; Reading 39¾; do. 1st pref'd 75¾; do. 2nd pref'd 49¾; St. Paul 157; do. pref'd, 183; Southern R'way 28¾; do. pref'd 83¾; Amalga'd Copper, ex div 112; American Tobacco 129; People's Gas 112¼; Sugar 137½; T. C. & Iron 58¾; U. S. Leather 12¾; do. pref'd, 76¾; Western Union 89½; U. S. Steel 42¾; do. preferred, 93¾; Mexican National 9; Standard Oil 767@770.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 26¼; do. preferred, 46¼. Bonds—4's 81¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm.

CHARLESTON, July 12.—Spirits turpentine firm at 33½c. Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, July 12. Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 1,516 casks; sales 1,128 casks; exports 755 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 3,544 barrels; sales 4,441 barrels; exports 4,045 barrels. Prices unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Not only was yesterday's decline wiped out in the local cotton market to-day, but prices were advanced to nearly the high level touched early in the week on drought news and general belief that the staple was too low. Trading was active much of the session, and while mainly of professional origin there was a goodly increase of investment business through commission houses. The opening was steady with prices unchanged to three points higher. It was plain to all that the pit was short and that few looked for any considerable advance. Yet New Orleans and Liverpool turned strong after starting in a rather disappointing fashion, and completely changed the plans of the bear contingent here. Covering gave place to short selling and investment buying to expected liquidation. Prices were quick to respond to this new order of things and by midday a sheer uplift of ten to eleven points was apparant on the more active positions. Early in the afternoon this improvement was increased and the market was firm on drought news from pretty much all over the entire belt, increased strength of dry goods and print cloth markets, increased demand for spot cotton and increasing speculative interest on the part of the public and Wall street. While the special weather reports noted hard rains in some parts of Southern Texas, practically no moisture fell over the heart of the southwestern cotton country, nor did the forecast from Washington indicate any rain for thirty-six hours. Port receipts were smaller. New Orleans was strong and grain houses picked up several important lines of October. Closed very steady with prices net eleven to fourteen points higher.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 8 9-16c.

Cotton futures market closed steady: July 8.35, August 7.83, September 7.67, October 7.69, November 7.66, December 7.68, January 7.70, February 7.70, March 7.73, April 7.74.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8 9 16c; middling gulf 8 13 16c; sales 120 bales

Net receipts 1,708 bales; gross receipts 1,809 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,100 bales; stock 181,193 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 6,355 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,812 bales; exports to the Continent 4,132 bales; stock 397,937 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 44,332 bales; exports to Great Britain 39,711 bales; exports to the Continent 32,226 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 7,346,875 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,953,012 bales; exports to France 707,307 bales; exports to the Continent 2,471,069 bales.

July 12.—Galveston, steady at 8 5-16c, net receipts 503 bales; Norfolk, easy at 8¼c, net receipts 260 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8 9-16c, net receipts 951 bales; Boston, dull at 8 9 16, net receipts 58 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7¾c, net receipts 295 bales; Philadelphia quiet at 8 13-16c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 8¼c, net receipts 677 bales; New Orleans, firm at 8½c, net receipts 127 bales; Mobile, nominal at 8¼c, net receipts 3 bales; Memphis, steady at 8¼c, net receipts 63 bales; Augusta, firm at 8½c, net receipts 95 bales; Charleston, steady at 8¼c, net receipts 15 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Flour was quiet but strongly held. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 76¾c f. o. b afloat. Options had a big day. There was intense activity and a sensational advance followed heavy covering by a large short interest; with Wall street unloading. The market closed strong and 2¾@3¾c net higher: Sales—July closed 74c; September closed 73¾c; October closed 73½c; December closed 75¼c. Corn—Spot strong; No. 2, 56¾c at elevator. Options continued their great excitement and made new season records in absence of rains West, numerous damage reports, heavy outside buying and a general bull fever. Closed strong and 2@2½c net higher. July closed 56¼c; September 56¾c; October 56¾c; December 56¼c. Oats—Spot firmer; No. 2, 37c; options were strong and active again on buying, influenced by the crop situation. Lard steady; refined firm. Pork steady. Tallow quiet; city 4¾c. Butter steady; creamery 15@19¼c; State dairy 14@ 18¾. Cheese firm; fancy large white 9@9¼c; fancy small white 9¾c. Eggs irregular; State and Pennsylvania 14@15; Western candled 13@15c. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 5¾c. Rice steady. Sugar—Raw steady; Rice steady. Potatoes were steady; Southern rose extra, per barrel, $2 12 @2 25; Southern Chili white, fair white to prime $1 75@2 00. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand picked 4¼c; other domestics 4¼@4¾c. Cabbage weak; Long Island, per 100 $3 00; per barrel, 90c. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 10c. Cotton seed oil again about steady. Prime crude in barrels nominal; prime summer yellow 38c; off summer yellow 37c; prime white 43c; prime winter yellow 43c; prime meal $24 00@25 00

CHICAGO, July 12.—Under the influence of continued drought, prices for all grains again soared upward today, and September corn closed 2@2½c higher than yesterday. Wheat closed 2¼@2½c higher and oats ½c higher, with provisions ranging from 2½ to 7½c higher.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No. 3 spring 66@67¾c; No. 2 red 67¾ @68¾c. Corn—No. 2 51¾c; No. 2 yellow 51@51¼c. Oats—No. 2 33½@34c; No.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

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CUTTING DIAMONDS.

HOW AMSTERDAM ARTISANS HANDLE THE ROUGH STONES.

The Splitting, Rounding and Polishing Processes That Coax Into Being the Flashing Finished Stone Ready For the Setter.

Among the many industries of Amsterdam one of the most interesting as well as the most important is that of diamond cutting and polishing. Though an unknown art until the fifteenth century, it has since that time flourished greatly until now at the present day there are no less than 62 firms registered as diamond companies in this great city. Among the more important of these firms stands that of Mr. Coster, the manager of which kindly allowed us to inspect the workings of the establishment. Here 350 to 400 workmen are constantly employed, most of them in the delicate work of diamond polishing.

When the diamonds arrive first in Amsterdam, they are in the same rough, uncut state as they were when found in the South African mines. Before reaching their highly polished state they have to pass through three separate and distinct processes—the processes of diamond splitting, diamond cutting and diamond polishing—and when these are accomplished the stones are ready for the jeweler.

The first process consists simply in splitting the rough diamond (containing flaws) into several pure, flawless ones, and in this work 12 men are constantly employed.

We visited one of these workshops, where we found three men engaged in splitting diamonds as they sat at a small table on which fell the light from two windows. One of the men talked English exceedingly well and gave us many interesting details of this particular process, in which no machinery is used. Pulling open a small drawer in the wooden table, he showed us beautiful uncut diamonds, all still in the rough state. Then we watched the actual "splitting" process itself. At first sight it looks a simple one, but we soon discovered that it needs great skill on the part of the workmen.

A small wooden tool is held in the left hand, into which a rough diamond has been firmly "waxed" at the top. Pieces of the waxlike cement lie conveniently near on the table, and, as a gas jet is always burning there, the necessary heat is easily supplied. In the right hand of the workman a similar tool is held, the top consisting also of a diamond, which later on is to act as a knife in the other hand.

Probably most of my readers know that nothing but a diamond will cut a diamond, and so the diamond is extensively employed in all the diamond cutting factories in Amsterdam. A stone of 100 carats can be split in 15 minutes by skillfully pressing one diamond against the other on the spot where a flaw occurs, the diamond in the right hand being used as a knife. Where a flaw occurs a split soon takes place, and the diamond divides into two stones. Should there be another flaw in either of these the operation is repeated, until several pure, flawless diamonds lie on the rough wooden table, and the first process is successfully accomplished.

The second process—that of diamond cutting—is also performed without the aid of machinery, except in the case of the larger stones. It was interesting to find that all the work of diamond cutting is performed by Dutch women and girls.

Diamond splitting and diamond cutting look somewhat alike, as the tools are very similar, but in reality the process is not the same, the great difference being that pressure is used in the first instance always on the same spot, with the idea of causing the diamond to split into two stones, while in the other case it is used equally on every part of the diamond in order to give it simply a round shape. To gain this roundness is, therefore, the one leading idea of diamond cutting. As the diamonds are cut a fine dust falls from them into a wooden box on the table, and this powder is most carefully preserved, as it is used largely in diamond polishing when mixed with oil.

All the diamonds to be cut are given to the women in small packets, each having the number and size of the diamonds it contains written plainly on the outside. After having once received these packets the women are responsible for their contents.

The work of diamond cutting is particularly hard and very trying to the eyes, as some of the diamonds are so small that 800 of them only weigh one carat! The time that a diamond takes to cut depends very much on its size. A large one weighing ten carats usually takes from three to four hours, while the smaller ones take much less time.

The third process, that of diamond polishing, is an important and lengthy one. The skilled workmen sit at long, narrow tables with their backs to the windows, having in front of them the small iron wheels which revolve with such terrible rapidity when set in motion by the great engine. Facing the windows stand apprentices and less skilled workmen, whose work it is to receive the diamonds from the cutting rooms and solder them (by aid of the gas jet) into the top of small pear shaped tools of various sizes, these tools being composed of lead and tin. The diamond tipped tools then pass into the hands of the skilled workmen, who, before fastening them firmly into frames which stand in close proximity to the wheels, dip each diamond into a mixture of oil and diamond dust. This is a most important part of the process, for by means of these grains of dust the polishing is done. Four of these tools containing diamonds are then placed in position near the wheel (four can be polished at once), and with a quick movement of the hand the iron disks are set in motion. The wheels revolve 1,500 times a minute, and the diamond is polished on one particular side by means of the constant friction on it of the grains of diamond dust.

As the object of diamond cutting is simply to make the stone a round one, so the object of diamond polishing is to give the diamond the many "sides," to use a technical expression, considered necessary by the jeweler before it is ready for setting. Great skill is needed in this work, for each stone has to be resoldered a great many times on to the top of the pear shaped tools and placed again and again in connection with the revolving wheels in order to produce these "sides."—B. W. How in Golden Penny.

A Self Burying Fish.

A fish of curious habits exists in New Zealand. The fish is called by the Maories the kakawai. Its habitat is very extensive in the North island, and it may be found on the Wairarapa plains, the Forty Mile bush, etc. It is generally discovered when a man is digging out rabbits or making postholes in the summer time, and it lies at a depth of a foot or two feet under the soil. The character of the soil, whether sandy or loamy, does not seem to matter.

The fish is from two to three inches long, silvery, shaped like a minnow, but rather more slender and tapering. It appears to be dead when exhumed, and if dug up in the summer and put into water it dies at once. If, however, it is brought to daylight in May or early June (the end of autumn), when the rains are beginning to make the soil thoroughly wet, and put into a tub of water, a curious thing happens. After a day or two it casts its skin, which sinks to the bottom, and the fish plays about bright and lively.

When dug up in summer, there appears to be a growth of skin, or perhaps of a dry, gummy exudation, which seals up the head and gills. Apparently this enables it to aestivate through the dry weather, and seals the fish as an Indian fakir is sealed up before he goes in for a long fasting burial. Of course, in winter there must be marshy spots or pools in which the fish can swim and propagate, but often all evidence of such natation disappears in summer, and the hot, dry, waterless plain seems the last place on earth in which to find a fish.—London Spectator.

THE NEED OF REST.

English Specialist Says Americans Lack Power of Repose.

Professor Eustace H. Miles, formerly lecturer at Cambridge university, England, and the head authority on athletics in that institution, contributed to The Saturday Evening Post a leading article on "Fallacies About Training." In the course of it he writes:

"A serious evil in the modern training system is the constant tension of the nerves and muscles. At Cambridge I used to watch my athletic pupils, and none of them seemed to have acquired the power of repose. They were always on the stretch. When the time came near, for instance, for the university boat race or the football match the tension reached an extreme, and the men seemed quite unable to be at their ease.

"It is strange that while the trainers perpetually teach their men to exercise they never teach them to rest. The whole of nature seems to work on the principle of alternations; first work, then rest. We see it in day and night, in breathing out and breathing in. I need not give other instances, many of which can be found in one of Emerson's essays. What I wish to insist on here is that while we teach men to exert themselves and to strive and to tie themselves up into knots we seldom or never teach them to relax themselves, to be at rest and to undo their nerves and muscles.

"It is Americans especially who need to relax, to smooth themselves out and, for example, to let their arms and hands hang limp and heavy. If the business man were to give up only three minutes each day to standing with his knees bent and with his arms and hands hanging down quite loose and limp and with a contented smile on his face and with his mind as empty as possible, the difference in his state of feeling during the day would be almost beyond belief."

A Life and Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death, says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in consuption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost $5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

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Unlaundered Shirts at Cost Price

In order to close out, we will offer our entire stock of GENT'S UNLAUNDERED SHIRTS at prime cost. Those interested should call at once in order to procure the desired size.

A small assortment of Gent's 25c Suspenders will be sold at 15 cents.

DIMITIES, DIMITIES.

The best quality of FANCY DIMITIES, 12½c per yard. They are all fresh, new goods this season, and many of them entirely new designs.

We have recently opened up a

Beautiful Assortment White Piques

at prices from 10c to 40c per yard.

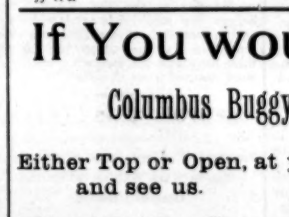
These goods are at least 20 per cent. cheaper than they were the first of the season. Also WHITE QUILTS from $1.00 to $3.00 each.

BATH TOWELS from 12½c to 25c.

Agent for Butterick's Patterns.

A. D. BROWN, No. 29 North Front St.

je 21 tf



"CHAMPION REFRIGERATORS."

"DOMESTIC" ICE CHESTS.

We now have one of the best Refrigerators that is made, and at such prices as will put them in reach of every one.

A poor Refrigerator and Ice Chest is about the most worthless thing you can possibly have. Come and examine ours.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

je 6 tf Purcell Building.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BITUMINOUS AND ANTHRACITE COAL,

American and Foreign Portland Cement,

Rosindale Cement, Lime, Plaster,

Plasterer's Hair, Brick, &c.

Shingles and all kinds of Roofing: Oak, Ash and Pine Wood a specialty.

Office 214 South Front Street.

Warehouses South Water St.

Bell 'Phone 645. je 30 tf

We Are In the Midst

Of a busy season making people's feet comfortable for a trip to the Mountains, on the Seashore or at home.

Stop in our Store and let us make yours easy.

Our drives are still pleasing the people at 25c, 50c and 75c.

You will have to see to appreciate the values.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jy 11 tf

If You would Buy a

Columbus Buggy Co.'s Buggy,

Either Top or Open, at your own price, come and see us.

The S. P. Cowan Livery Co.

'Phone 15. 108, 110, 112, North Second Street.

my 16 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.

Assets $1,000,000.00.

Security. Prompt and reliable service. Every possible facility. These tell why we keep on growing.

UNITED STATES AND CITY DEPOSITORY.

We buy and sell Foreign Exchange.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

je 16 tf

SHOES!!!

OUR SPECIALTY.

But our other Departments are busy sending out extra Bargains. Whatever you need call on us for it, because our prices are uniform.

We sell nothing below cost and then charge double profit on other things to make good the loss.

Remember this. We invite everybody to call on us for cash price.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS CO.

je 16 tf

Where to Put Your Money!

We offer you an investment, absolutely secure, and paying the highest dividends consistent with careful management.

Our plan is simple and practical. No membership or withdrawal fees; no fines, no forfeitures. Your savings invested with us at 4 per cent. per annum will be a working asset, good to keep, and well to have for an emergency or opportunity.

Deposits received now will bear interest from the 1st of August.

Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.

jy 9 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

DR. OTTO'S

SPRUCE GUM BALSAM CURES COUGHS AND COLDS

Dr. OTTO'S SPRUCE GUM BALSAM CURES COUGHS, COLDS AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES

This remedy is a strictly scientific compound of peculiar virtue. The MOST STUBBORN COUGHS not only immediately yield to this remedy, but are speedily and

PERMANENTLY CURED.

Price, 25 and 50 Cents.

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

an 12 6m sa 12 th

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect May 26th, 1901.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:45 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:10 P. M., Charlotte 10:15 P. M.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Charlotte 5:30 A. M., Hamlet at 8:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:52 A. M., Pembroke 9:00 A. M., Lumberton 9:44 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	.....	10.50 p m	7.23 a m
Ar Monroe	.....	12.20 a m	9.05 a m
Ar Charlotte	.....	....	10.01 a m
Ar Chester	.....	1.42 a m	10.30 a m
Ar Greenwood	.....	3.46 a m	12.22 p m
Ar Athens	.....	6.28 a m	2.40 p m
Ar Atlanta	.....	9.00 a m	5.05 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	.....	10.50 p m	7.20 a m
Ar Columbia	.....	1.05 a m	10.35 a m
Ar Savannah	.....	4.52 a m	1.47 p m
Ar Jacksonville	.....	9.18 a m	6.10 p m
Ar Tampa	.....	5.40 p m	6.15 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	.....	10.55 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	.....	1.34 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norlina	.....	3.18 a m	12.23 p m
Ar Portsmouth	.....	....	....
Ar Norfolk	.....	7.00 a m	5.50 p m
Lv Hamlet	.....	10.55 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	.....	1.24 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norlina	.....	3.18 a m	12.23 p m
Ar Petersburg	.....	5.48 a m	2.45 p m
Ar Richmond	.....	6.32 a m	3.31 p m
Ar Washington	.....	10.10 a m	7.05 p m
Ar Baltimore	.....	11.25 a m	11.25 p m
Ar New York	.....	4.25 p m	5.30 a m

Train 38 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 12.55 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 9.30 p. m.; Norfolk 9.00 p. m.; Raleigh 4.10 a. m.; arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.10 a. m.; Charlotte 5.30 a. m.; Monroe 6.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.55 p. m.; Savannah 11.45 p. m.; Columbia 3.35 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man. ma 26 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

SAGINAW ..... Saturday, July 13
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, July 20

From Wilmington for New York.

SAGINAW ..... Saturday, July 20
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, July 27

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

SAGINAW ..... Tuesday July 16
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, July 23

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State street, New York.

jy 1 tf

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, langnor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCKELIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY WRITE US ABOUT IT †

Medical Department

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Fully equipped for the best work. Its students have made splendid records.

Tuition, $75. Other Expenses Low.

Fall term begins September 9, 1901. Address

F. P. VENABLE, President, Chapel Hill, N. C.

je27 10t

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule in Effect July 1, 1901.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.07 A. M., Warsaw 11.21 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M. Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.36 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.36 P. M. Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.52 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 5.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 5.32 P. M., Warsaw 6.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 1.30 P. M., †Tarboro 5.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M., Weldon 1.39 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 3.42 A. M., Richmond 5.20 A. M., Washington 7.21 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.00 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.34 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.12 P. M., Columbia 10.55 P. M., Denmark 1.58 A. M., Augusta 4.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.30 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 20 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.06 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.26 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 6.15 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.30 P. M., New York †3.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.30 A. M., Baltimore 2.52 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.06 A. M., Petersburg 9.43 A. M., Norfolk 2.30 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.31 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.53 P. M. Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.25 P. M., Warsaw 4.15 P. M., Magnolia 4.40 P. M.

DAILY 9.25 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 7.0 night, New York 8.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.57 P. M., Petersburg 7.43 P. M., †Norfolk 12.1 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.13 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.35 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.19 A. M., Magnolia 7.56 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.00 A. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.36 A. M.

Sunday 12.14 P. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.0 A. M., Sanford 2.55 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 10.45 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.50 P. M., Columbia 8.40 A. M., Sumter 8.06 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M. P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.50 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Marion 9.07 A. M. Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.09 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.40 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 79, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Southern Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 9.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 10 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.50 P. M. Halifax 6.17 P. M., arrive Scotland Neck 6.56 P. M., Greenville 7.24 P. M., Kinston 8.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M. Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.15 A. m., Weldon 11.50 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.01 A. M. and 4.35 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 5.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 7.15 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M and 8.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Trains leave Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrive Plymouth 8.35 P. M and 8.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.30 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M. 4.00 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 7.45 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 8.45 A. M. and 10 P. M

Train leaves Fee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.49 A. M., Rowland 10.55 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 4.18 P. M.; arrives Dillon 4.31 P. M., Latta 4.44 P. M., Fee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 4.33 P. M., Manning 5.08 P. M.; arrive Lane's 5.53 P. M.; leave Lane's 6.37 A. M., Manning 9.17 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.51 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; 94.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †8.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.13 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M. Wadesboro 12.33 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.28 P. M. Bennettsville 9.32 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.15 A. M. Bennettsville 7.15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.35 A. M., Darlington 8.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 3.43 P. M. 11.15 P. M., Smithfield 3.06 P. M. Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 12.32 A. M., Rowland 6.05 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.55 A. M. Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 10.50 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.56 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M. 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.02 A. M., Creston 4.51 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.40 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.20 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M. Sumter 6.06 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager

jy 3 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Passenger Trains Arrive	Passenger Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Passenger Trains Arrive	Passenger Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 52	Kinston	10 11	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 13.

PRACTICALLY DECLARED OFF.

Machinists' Strike in Cincinnati Has Collapsed—Many Applications Made for Re-instatement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, July 12.—The machinists' strike in this city, which began May 20th and involved from five to seven thousand employes, practically has been declared off.

A secret mass meeting of strikers was held to day at which a formal report was made that it had been found impossible to procure assistance in money from the headquarters in Washington. As the strike benefit fund is exhausted the strikers were advised to return to work. Already about 600 have applied for re-instatement and many more will do so to morrow and Monday.

The strikers, failing to receive funds from Washington, sent an agent to Washington to secure money. His report was presented to the meeting today and the action which virtually ends the strike was taken. It is said, however, that the decision to return to work was not unanimous and that some men still hold out.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—At the headquarters here of the International Association of Machinists, President O'Connell admitted that the collapse of the strike at Cincinnati was likely to have considerable effect on the general strike, as Cincinnati has been regarded as the most important point among the cities involved in the strike. President O'Connell reiterated that there is no intention to call off the general strike and declared that the order would fight it out to the end.

BOOM IN WHEAT AND CORN.

Scene of Great Excitement On the New York Produce Exchange—The Advance in Prices.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.—There was a scene of great excitement in both the wheat and corn markets at New York to day, trades aggregating one of the largest day's totals in a year or more, especially corn. Prices jumped 2½c during the day in corn, making 6½c advance for the week. Orders poured in so fast that brokers could scarcely execute them at the prices desired and the usually small crowd around the corn ring was increased to such an extent that at times it almost rivaled that in the wheat pit. The farmers have taken the bull side into their hands, and in face of heavy realizing on the part of professionals have kept prices going until the cry is for sixty cents corn in Chicago. Already prices are so high in the Southwest that farmers are feeding their stock with wheat and unless rain comes very soon many fear only half the corn crop will be gathered where only a month ago it looked as if one of the largest yields on record would be harvested. Wheat from being friendless has suddenly boomed also and rose steadily.

THE WORLD'S COTTON.

Hester's Statement as to the Visible Supply of the Staple.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows the total visible to be 2,573,984 bales against 2,743,477 last week and 1,578,569 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 1,573,964 against 1,698,477 last week and 1,008,569 last year, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 1,000,000 against 1,045,000 and 570,000. Of the world's visible supply there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe 1,244,000 bales against 966,000 last year; in Egypt, 110,000 against 77,000; in India, 597,000 against 297,000, and in the United States, 673,000 against 238,000.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, July 12th, 1901.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending July 12th, 1901:

	1901.	1900.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	44,232	25,531
Total receipts to this date.....	7,346,874	6,407,051
Exports for week..	71,937	13,139
Total exports to date	6,131,388	5,555,933
Stock in all U. S. ports.	397,937	157,327
Stock at all interior towns.....	215,808	69,060
Stock in Liverpool,	631,000	368,000
American afloat for Great Britain	45,000	24,000

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1900: Galveston, 2,099,669 bales; New Orleans, 2,401,572; Mobile, 130,594; Savannah, 1,068,684; Charleston, 230,687; Wilmington, 257,933; Norfolk, 418,400; Baltimore, 69,410; New York, 178,993; Boston, 195,970; Newport News, 20,314; Philadelphia, 26,188; Brunswick, 101,075; Port Arthur, 20,654 Pensacola, 126,734. Total, 7,346,875 bales.

A cable message from Major Scott, adjutant general of the Department of Cuba, says that General Wood's condition is steadily improving.

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklens Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

HOT WAVE SWEEPS SOUTHERN STATES

In Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana the Heat Was Intense.

DROUGHT BROKEN IN PLACES.

Good Rainfall in Portions of West Texas. Other Parts of the State Still Unrelieved — A Severe Storm in Mississippi.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 12.—This was the warmest day of the year in the central Southern States. Many places in West Tennessee, Arkansas, North Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama and Texas, report all heat records broken during the afternoon. In Memphis, the official report was 102 degrees at five o'clock. This is the highest temperature ever recorded here.

Selma, Ala., was the warmest place in the South, 112 degrees being recorded. Montgomery reported 105 and Mobile 102.

At Little Rock, Ark., the highest temperature ever recorded was officially reported 106.

Pine Bluff, Ark., reports the warmest day on record, with one fatality.

In Mississippi the heat was intense, At Jackson, Vicksburg and Natchez, all records were broken. Crops, especially corn, all through North and East Mississippi are drying up.

Louisiana is also in the throes of the hot wave. Shreveport reports the hottest day in its history, the government thermometer registering 99 in the afternoon.

The intense heat has been broken somewhat in a few counties in West Texas. San Angelo, Midland and Big Springs, all in the extreme western part of the State, report a rainfall varying from one to three inches. These points are in a section devoted almost exclusively to stock raising. The agricultural portion of north and northwest Texas is still unrelieved from the drought. In some places rain has not fallen in two months. In Austin good rains fell Wednesday and Thursday and broke the drought in that vicinity. San Antonio also reports a rainfall of 1.76 inches. The crops in the southwestern section of the State are in fair condition. Showers fell at Richmond and Sequin to day and Houston and Galveston report good rains in the last few days. At Dallas rain has been an unknown quantity for nearly six weeks, while the temperature has been hovering around the hundred mark for several days.

Severe Storm in Mississippi.

MCCOMB CITY, MISS., July 12.—A terrific wind and rain storm struck this city at 5 o'clock, injuring several people and doing considerable damage in blowing down trees. Some small buildings were destroyed and others unroofed. A game of base ball was in progress at the time, a large crowd being in attendance, and when the storm came the crowd ran in for shelter. A party of a dozen took refuge under a gallery. A few minutes later the gallery was blown down burying the people beneath it. Willie Kuntzman and a negro named Andrew Johnson were fatally injured. John Dykes had both legs broken. William Herzog's arm was broken. Two of Herzog's sons were also badly bruised.

LONDON July 13.—Violent thunder storms and tropical rains in various parts of Great Britain last night moderated the fervent heat. At Brussels, however, the thermometer yesterday registered 107 degrees in the shade and several heat fatalities occurred.

The weather continues very hot in France, the temperature in Paris yesterday being 91½. Twelve deaths from heat were officially reported in the French capital.

Drought Stricken District.

KANSAS CITY, MO., July 12.—No rain fell in any part of the drought stricken district, including all of Kansas, Western Missouri, Oklahoma and Indian Territory. Over much of this region this was the worst day of the long hot spell, the temperature being more than 100 degrees and no breeze stirring. Corn, oats, hay and potatoes are so badly injured that even with rain the yield will be short, and as the weather bureau gives no hope of relief the outlook is discouraging.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, July 12.—The weather record kept by Chancellor F. H. Snow, of the University of Kansas, showed to-day's temperature to be the hottest in thirty-four years. The mercury reached 105.5 degrees.

PIERRE, S. D., July 18.—This has been the hottest day of the hot weather spell, the government record at 5 o'clock this evening being 105. The temperature has been above 90 every day this week.

DES MOINES, IA., July 12.—The government thermometer showed a temperature of 108 at 2:30 this afternoon, the highest of the year. Director Sage, of the weather crop service, says that because of the abnormal amount of moisture in the ground prior to the hot spell the corn crop has suffered about 2 per cent., and he does not consider serious damage imminent, even though the hot spell should continue for several days.

A SUCCESSFUL TRIP.

Trial at Paris of M. Santos Dumont's Cigar-Shaped Balloon Driven by a Motor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PARIS, July 12.—M. Santos Dumont's cigar-shaped balloon, driven by a motor, had a trial to day from St. Cloud, across Paris, around the Eiffel tower and back to St. Cloud. The papers say the trip was quite successful, and that the balloon ascended and descended apparently at the will of the aeronaut.

M. Santos Dumont says he first sailed five times around the Longchamp's race course, then around the Bois de Boulogne and then around the Eiffel tower. He adds that one of the rods of the rudder broke and he had a narrow escape from colliding with the tower. So he descended to the garden of the Trocardeo to have the damage repaired, and afterwards again rounded the tower and returned to St. Cloud.

To morrow he will make an official attempt to win the prize of 100,000 francs offered by Henry Deutsch for a manageable balloon, in the presence of a committee of the Aero Club, which includes Prince Roland Bonaparte, M. Deutsch and others. The man will start at 6 o'clock in the morning and go over the same course as to-day.

Sheriff Benner, of Great Falls, Mont., and a posse of eleven men left that city last evening bound for People's creek, where the Great Northern train robbers are said to be surrounded.

NEWPORT YACHT RACES.

Columbia Again Defeated Constitution. Independence Met With An Accident, But Made Fine Showing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT, R I., July 12.—The Columbia again defeated the Constitution in to-day's race by a margin in corrected time of two minutes and nineteen seconds, the Independence once more being the last boat, after losing her topmast at the very start. The Boston yacht, however, sailed such a remarkably plucky race, after being shorn of her top-gear, that it is generally believed here to-night that she would have won to-day's race but for the accident. For twenty minutes after the start she sailed with the wreck of her club topsail trailing astern, while for six minutes she was motionless, luffed in the wind, while the crew cleared away the tangle.

All this time the other two yachts were speeding along under all sail; yet the Independence was beaten only seven minutes and forty-two seconds at the first mark and sailed the second leg of the triangle in less time than either of the other yachts, although they carried club top-sails. In the run home, the two Bristol boats, under a great press of sail, beat the Lawson yacht a little over four minutes in ten miles. This fine showing of the Independence did not in any way detract from the interest in the contest between the two Herreshoff yachts. The Columbia was never headed by the Constitution, but the new boat gave the old one a warm contest. The Columbia had the better of both the reaches, but the Constitution sailed the windward leg a minute and a half faster than the old boat.

The result of the four contests between these three boats leaves much to be determined, especially as to their relative merits in anything except light airs, in which the Constitution proved superior. To day's race was sailed in a fifteen knot wind, the northeaster to-day being much stronger than the southwester of yesterday.

SEVENTH NATIONAL BANK.

An Assessment of 100 Per Cent. On Stock Ordered by the Comptroller of the Currency.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Comptroller of the Currency Dawes has levied an assessment of 100 per cent. on the stock of the Seventh National Bank of New York. The stock is $500,000. This action was based on a preliminary report from the receiver of the Seventh National Bank, of New York city. The receiver says his estimate of the value of the assets is of course only approximate. He estimates the amount which will finally be recovered for the depositors from the assets, including the stockholders' assessment, at about eighty cents on the dollar.

The receiver says that his estimate of the Marquand collateral is less than is claimed by the directors of the bank, and it is possible on this account that the final collections may be somewhat better than the receiver's estimate.

Comptroller Dawes said to-day that all transactions connected with the advance of cash to the bank just prior to its failure are being carefully investigated.

The report of the receiver contains no reference to any of the investigations now being made into the question of the existence of criminal infractions of law. All these matters are under the charge of the department of justice.

NEW YORK, July 12.—President Thomas of the Seventh National would not talk about the Washington dispatch but said a statement might be issued in a day or two.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

Bradstreets Report Upon the General Trade Situation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 12.—*Bradstreets* to-morrow will say:

Varying commercial and industrial conditions make it difficult to strike in a sentence the key-note of general trade for the week. In the East business appears to be of a mid-summer character, while in the Southwest conditions have been adversely effected by drought and hot weather reports which superinduced a tendency on the part of many to cancel orders previously given. In the Northwest, on the contrary, business seems to be quite active as the result of excellent crop conditions, and credit is reported being freely granted; but in the middle West the tenor of trade is apparently steady, while in the South ordinary conditions are noted. But for the week the more important developments seemed to have been the rampant speculation in corn and oats, due to reports of exceedingly heavy damage in the Missouri valley belt, the nervousness of the stock market and a somewhat troubled railway rate situation, together with a more favorable feeling in labor circles.

EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

Declaration of Principles Adopted by the Convention at Detroit.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DETROIT, MICH., July 12.—The National Educational Association to-night, at the last session of its fortieth annual convention, adopted a declaration of principles, declaring that the problem of elementary education is the most important one with which the State must deal. The work of the bureau of education was indorsed and the association declared that its powers should be extended so that it should have jurisdiction over educational matters in all of our new possessions. Compulsory educational laws and the consolidation of rural schools were indorsed and State support of institutions for the training of teachers is recommended.

TOO SHARP FOR HANNA.

His Son's Divorced Wife Escapes With Her Children From Cleveland.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEVELAND, July 12.—Judge Dissette, of the Common Pleas Court, this afternoon appointed Senator M. A. Hanna guardian of the three children of his son, Dan R. Hanna, by the latter's divorced wife. The action was taken as the result of an injunction issued yesterday, prohibiting Mrs. Hanna from removing the children from the jurisdiction of the Cleveland courts. She, however, learned of the issuance of the injunction and with the children left the city for New York before the papers were served upon her.

The one great virtue of Burnett's Vanilla Extract is purity. It is real vanilla extract and nothing but vanilla extract. Always use *Burnett's*.

NO AGREEMENT YET REACHED.

Second Day of the Conference Betwen the Metal Workers and Manufacturers.

MUST BE SETTLED TO-DAY.

If No Compromise is Made a General Strike Will be Ordered—About 80,000 Men Will be Affected—The Strike May be Averted.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, July 12.—The second day of the conference between the Amalgamated Association of iron, steel and tin workers and the steel manufacturers came to a close to-night without an agreement having been reached. Another session will be held to morrow, and from indications late to-night a settlement or general strike will be decided upon. Although the meeting was held behind closed doors and the proceedings guarded with great secrecy, it is learned that the entire day was given over to discussion, each putting its best foot forward to gain a point. Nothing, however, was accomplished. When the conference adjourned all of the conferees were appealed to for information as to the status of affairs, but nothing definite could be learned. Late to-night however, President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association, consented to be quoted in the following statement:

"Nothing actually was accomplished to day. No proposition was submitted by either side to the controversy. No time limit has been set on the conference, but it must come to an end. To morrow must settle it one way or another. If no agreement is reached, the general strike which was set for last Monday will proceed. I am still hoping for a settlement."

When asked if in the event of a strike it would involve all the plants of the United States Steel Corporation, Mr. Shaffer replied, "Every union man in every plant in any way connected with the Steel Corporation will be called out, and we have many members in mills where they are not suspected by the manufacturers."

A general strike, if ordered, would include the union workers in the Federal Steel Company, the National Steel Company, the American Tinplate Company, the American Sheet Steel Company and the American Steel Hoop Company, and all members in non-union or open mills, aggregating about 80,000 men who will be affected. But it is believed by conservative steel men that a compromise will be reached to morrow and a strike averted. President Shaffer himself, while not stating that he is prepared to initiate a compromise, intimated that should one come from the other side he would gladly meet it half way and concede anything not compromising the interests of his people.

Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the U. S. Steel executive committee, was in the city all day, practically incognito. He did not take part in the conference, but it is learned from high authority to night that he was not far away from the meeting and was fully cognizant of everything that transpired. Without making public in any way the purpose of his visit here he left for Chicago to-night on the Pennsylvania limited.

The big independent steel sheet mill of Zug & Co., one of the largest mills outside the U. S. Steel Corporation, has resumed operations after a suspension of nearly two weeks for repairs. While the mills of the big company were closed by the strike of the Amalgamated Association members, Zug & Co., signed the scale and prepared to resume operations. It will pay the same wages as the scale provides.

All of the other independent sheet mills that have signed the scale will start Monday after the customary suspension on July 1, whether the strike in trust mills is settled or not.

Ended at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—About 200 machinists decided to day to give up the fight for a nine-hour working day and to apply for reinstatement in the shops of the Maryland Steel Company on Monday at the old terms. This brings the machinists strike to an end in this city. About 1200 men employed in various shops laid down their tools and the majority of them were granted their demands.

NEWPORT NEWS STRIKE.

President O'Connell Says Return of the Men to Work Will Not Affect the General Situation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—President O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists, said to-day that the defeat of the strikers at the Newport News shipyard would have no effect on the general strike of the machinists. "We never have had any hope that the Newport News men would win," he said. "They did not go out until two weeks after they were ordered out, and they have been constantly voting on the question of returning to work. We were not ready to expend our funds on men not ready to carry on the fight. There were only 300 machinists out, against six thousand other employes remaining at work. Their return to work may have an effect on some of the small shipyards in this section of of the country. On the Pacific coast, however, between 6,000 and 7,000 men are out, practically all in San Francisco, and these will not be affected. The general strike of the machinists has now simmered down to a question of endurance of the two sides. We have no revocation of the strike order in contemplation. There are 8,000 machinists still out throughout the country.

HEAT IN LONDON.

Many Sunstrokes, Prostrations and Faintings On the Streets.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 12.—The heat wave here is becoming more tropical and Londoners are suffering greatly. There were many sunstrokes, prostrations and faintings in the streets, which kept the ambulances busy. The number of omnibuses running was considerably reduced in consequence of the exhaustion of the horses, and the iron works and shipbuilding yards were seriously handicapped by absence of workmen suffering from the heat. Temperature 87.

In Substitute Feeding

for infants, physicians agree that cow's milk is the basis for all beginnings. What is required, then, is the best possible milk product. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is ideal, pure, sterile and guarded against contamination.

WARM WIRELETS.

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Last Thursday night a shock of earthquake was felt in the city of Mexico It was severe, but of brief duration.

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Secretary Hay has given instruction to Mr. Rockhill to support the Japanese application for an enlargement of their indemnity to be paid by China from 46,000,000 yen to 54,000,000 yen, to cover the depreciation in Japanese bonds as compared with those of some other nations.

Dr. A. L. Phillips, of Nashville, Tenn., has formally accepted the position of general superintendent of Sunday school work and Young People's church society work in the Southern Presbyterian church. He will have his headquarters in Richmond, Va., and will begin his work August 15th.

TWO HUNDRED CONVERTS KILLED.

Reported Uprising On the Island of Quelpart Confirmed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The reported uprising on the island of Quelpart, off the Corean coast, and the killing of several hundred Christian converts, is confirmed in mail press advices reaching the Japanese legation, which contain the report of the captain of the Japanese man-of-war Senyen. The captain reports that two French men-of war which arrived at the island found the insurgents in a menacing attitude. Attempts were made to land French marines. As the landing was opposed the French warships made a demonstration, and succeeded in landing their marines. The insurgents then were repulsed and two missionaries held by them were saved. After that affairs quieted and the uprising was quelled.

During the outbreak 200 converts were killed by the insurgents.

TO APOLOGIZE AT BERLIN.

Departure From Pekin of Prince Chun, the Young Brother of the Emperor.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PEKIN, July 12.—The departure today from Pekin of Prince Chun, young brother of Emperor Kwang Su, who has been selected formally to apologize at Berlin for the murder of Baron von Ketteler, was a spectacular event. The Prince came to the railroad station in Pekin on horseback, gorgeously attired in the royal yellow, and was followed by a long procession composed of members of his staff, their servants and the luggage on carts. Here he was met by the present German minister to China, Dr. Mumm Von Schwarzenstein, a German military band, and a guard of honor and two of his brothers. Many Chinese had assembled at the station to bid the Prince farewell. Two german officers, formerly attached to the staff of Field Marshal Count Waldersee, will personally conduct Prince Chun and his party to Berlin.

CHINESE INDEMNITY.

An Important Scheme Accepted by All the Powers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 13.—"An important scheme creating a sinking fund for the Chinese indemnity has been accepted by all the Powers," says the Pekin correspondent of the *Daily Mail*. "It is an ascending, sliding scale, providing for the complete redemption of the bonds by 1934."

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—A good reliable man to take charge of our business in New Hanover county. Salary and expenses paid. North Jersey Nurseries, Springfield, N. J. jy 13 1t*

We Are again making our Summer Souvenir Photographs on Wednesdays and Saturdays. Will make one thousand only. Don't come after they are all gone. Price $2.00 per dozen. Taylor's Studio. jo 18 tf

Centrally Located—Our Store is convenient for the wholesale purchasers. Call and leave your packages. We take care of them free of charge and show you a nice up to date line. Groceries, drugs, woodware and job tobacco. Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. T. D. Love, 110 North Water street. jo 1 tf

For Sale—Business location on Cape Fear river known as White Hall. Property includes twenty acres of Land, Ferry, Turpentine Still and fixtures, Grist and Saw Mill, and Cotton Gin and Press, Store House and Dwelling. Apply to The Worth Co., Wilmington, N. C. my 14 tf

Berkshire Pigs and Brown Leghorn Chickens. The best of their breed. For sale. L. L. Seller, city. ap 4 tf

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily. Jno. S. Harriss, Front Street Market. Bell 'Phone 438. mar 1 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Blacksmith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 93. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

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CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT.

Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 Boats 15 cents to Pier and return.

J. W. HARPER.

jy 11 tf

	Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach.	Leave Carolina Beach for Wilmington.	Leave Wilmington for Southport.	Leave Southport for Wilmington.
MONDAY	A. M. 6.00, 9.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30	P. M. 12.30, 6.15, 8.00	A. M. 7.00	P. M. 1.00, 5.30, 8.00, 8.30
TUESDAY	A. M. 6.00, 9.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30	P. M. 12.30, 6.15, 8.00	A. M. 7.00	P. M. 1.00, 5.30, 8.00, 8.30
WEDNESDAY	A. M. 6.00, 9.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30	P. M. 12.30, 6.15, 8.00	A. M. 7.00	P. M. 1.00, 5.30, 8.00, 8.30
THURSDAY	A. M. 6.00, 9.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30	P. M. 12.30, 6.15, 8.00	A. M. 7.00	P. M. 1.00, 5.30, 8.00, 8.30
FRIDAY	A. M. 6.00, 9.15, 9.45, 5.15, 7.30	P. M. 12.30, 6.15, 8.00	A. M. 7.00	P. M. 1.00, 5.30, 8.00, 8.30
SATURDAY	A. M. 9.45, 5.00	P. M. 12.30, 6.15, 8.00	A. M. 8.45	P. M. 6.15
SUNDAY	A. M. 9.45, 7.30	P. M. 12.30, 6.15, 8.00	A. M. 8.45	P. M. 6.15

Leave Wilmington for Wilmington. 10.00 M. 10.00 M. 10.00 M. 10.00 M. 15.00 M. 15.00 M. 15